SUNSYS

B12 - B15 - B20 - B30

Installations- und bedienungsanleitung DE

Manuel d'installation et d'utilisation (FR)

Installation and operating manual GB

Manuale di installazione e uso



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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

This user manual specifies installation and maintenance procedures, technical data and safety instructions for SOCOMEC solar inverters. For further information visit the Socomec website: www.socomec.com.



Any work carried out on the equipment must be performed by skilled, qualified technicians.

1.1. SAFETY SYMBOLS AND INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING!

Failure to observe safety standards could result in fatal accidents or serious injury, and damage equipment or the environment.



WARNING!

Device with several power supply sources.



- Open the AC switch.
- Open the DC switch.
- Make sure the system cannot be restarted.
- Make sure the electricity supply has been disconnected.





WARNING! RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK!

The equipment includes capacitors that store energy. After disconnecting all power sources wait for the capacitors to discharge.



WARNING! RISK OF BURNS!

During operation the temperature of the casing may exceed 70 °C. Do not touch the surfaces!



Keep this manual safe for future reference.



Before carrying out any operations on the inverter read the Installation and Operating Manual carefully.



Do not dispose of the inverter with normal household waste.

At the end of its working life, the inverter must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations for the disposal of electronic components applicable to the installation site at the moment of disposal.

The following precautions must be taken in order to avoid risks of overheating, fire. electric shock, mechanical shock, and collateral damage (persons and/or property):

- Do not cover or obstruct the air outlet vents.
- Do not install the inverter inside a cabinet in an enclosed, non-ventilated area.
- When installing the inverter comply the recommended clearances (see chapter 4.2).
- Only use accessories recommended or sold by the manufacturer.
- Ensure the wiring is in good condition and not undersized.
- Do not operate the inverter with damaged or substandard wiring.
- Do not operate the inverter if it has suffered a violent mechanical shock of any kind (fall, impact, etc.)
- Before cleaning or performing maintenance work on the inverter or connected appliances, disconnect the power sources. After disconnecting wait for the internal capacitors to discharge completely (5 minutes approx).
- Inverter earth connection. See Chapter 5.



2. UNPACKING

2.1. REMOVAL OF PACKAGING

Materials can be disturbed during transport. Check the packaging is not damaged.

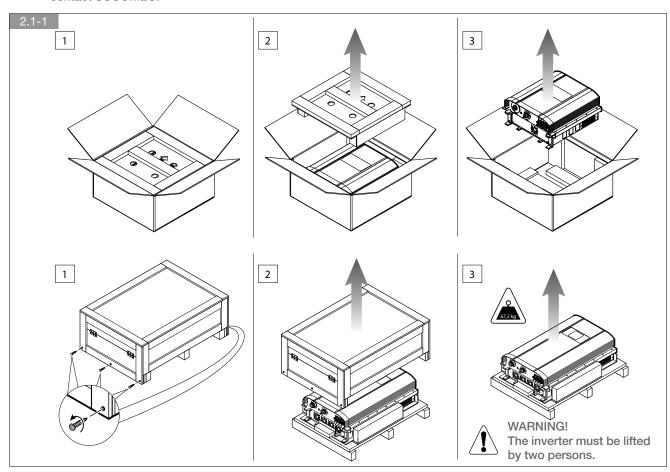
After removing the packaging ensure that:

- the data plate details on the right hand side of the inverter correspond to those of the model purchased;
- all accessories are included in the package.

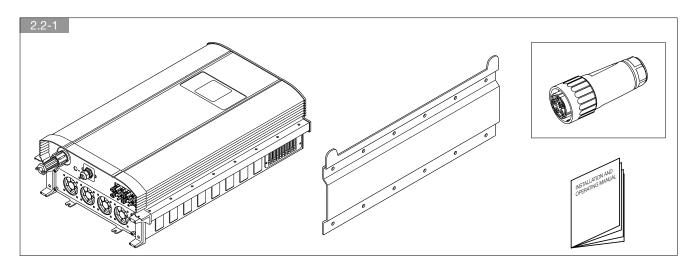
1

WARNING!

If the inverter is found to be damaged externally or internally, or any of the accessories are damaged or missing, contact SOCOMEC.

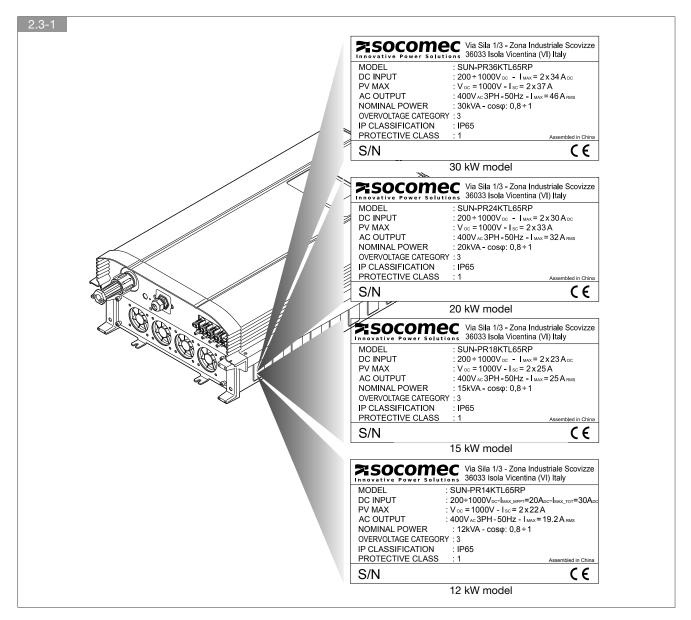


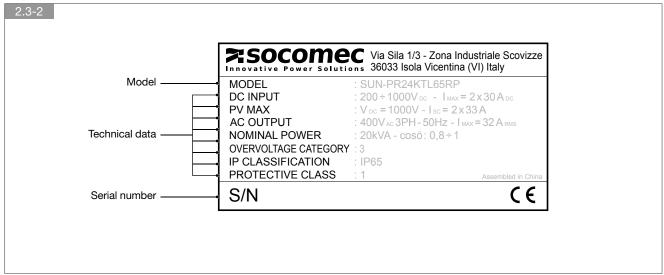
2.2. CONTENTS





2.3. IDENTIFICATION DATA PLATE

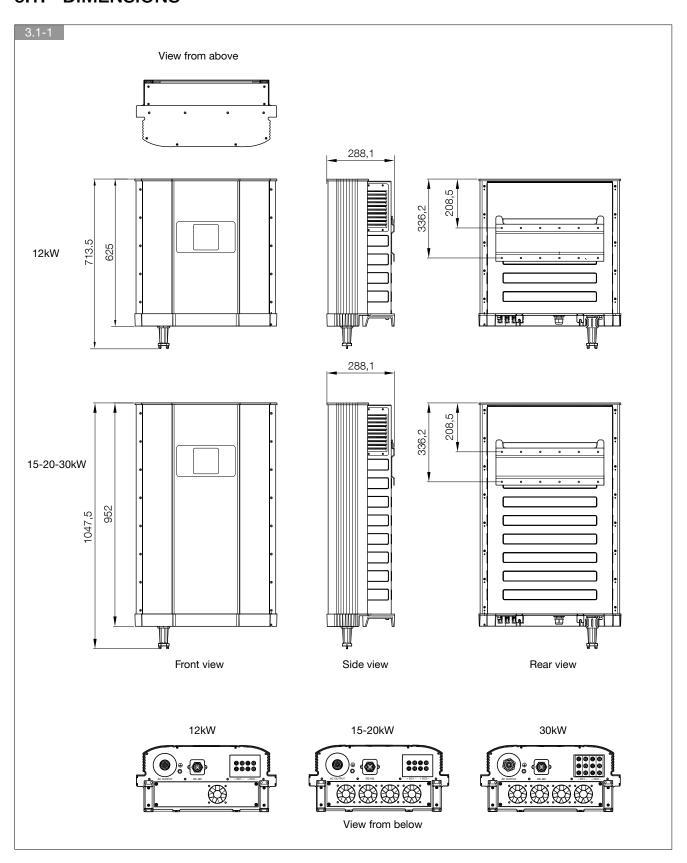






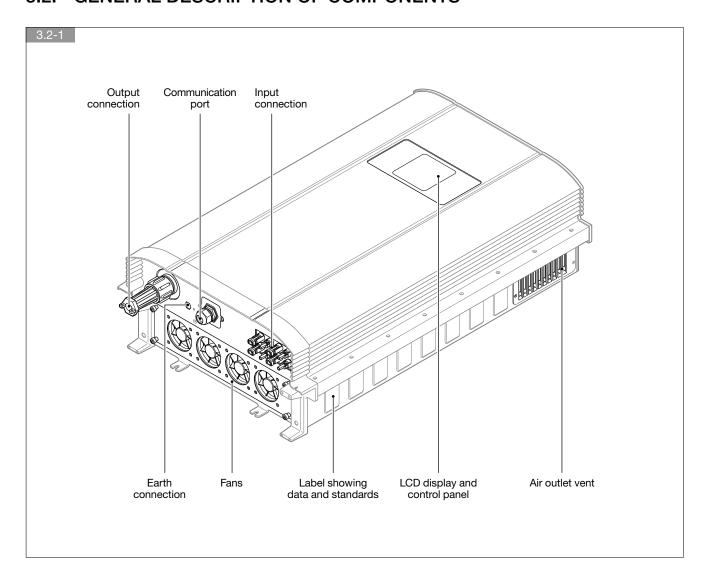
3. DESCRIPTION

3.1. DIMENSIONS





3.2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF COMPONENTS





4. INSTALLATION

4.1. WARNINGS

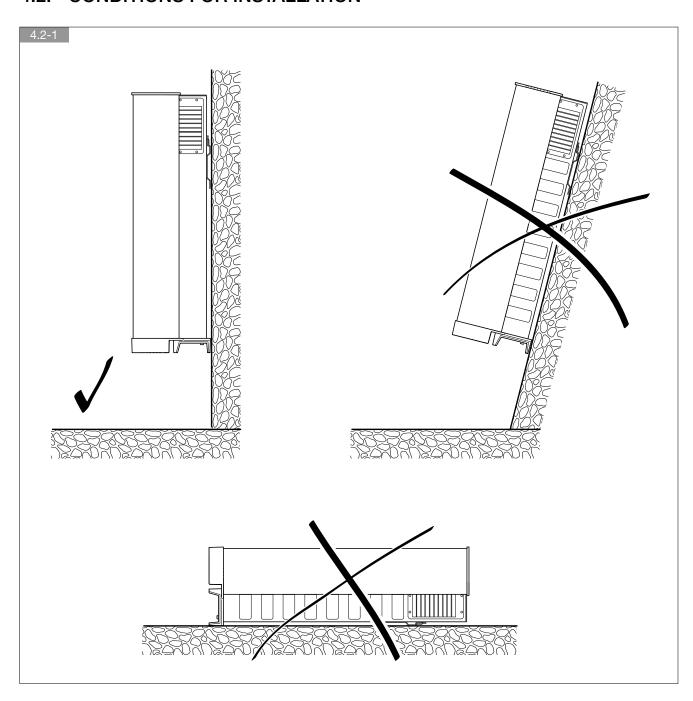
The inverter is designed for mounting on masonry walls. If the walls are made using different materials, the installer must use suitable mounting supports.

Install the inverter in an equipment room where only skilled technicians have access.

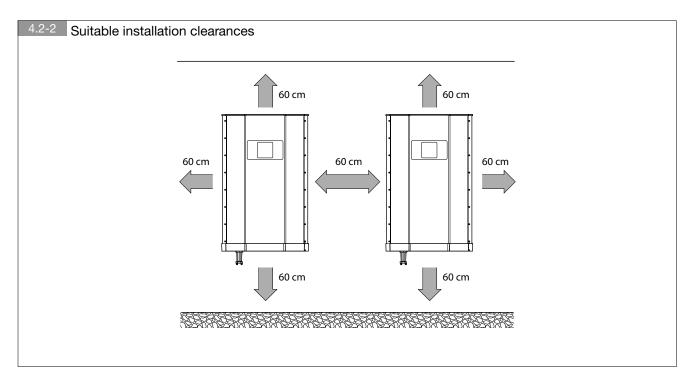
The room must be:

- of a suitable size;
- clean;
- free from inflammable items;
- not exposed directly to sunlight;
- maintained at a temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C.

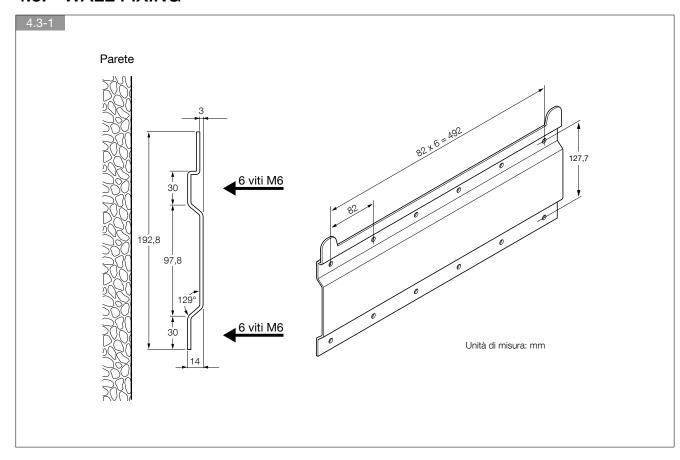
4.2. CONDITIONS FOR INSTALLATION







4.3. WALL FIXING





5. CONNECTIONS



WARNING!

carry out the following steps beforehand:

- Open the AC switch.
- Open the DC switch.
- Make sure the system cannot be restarted.
- Make sure the electricity supply has been disconnected.

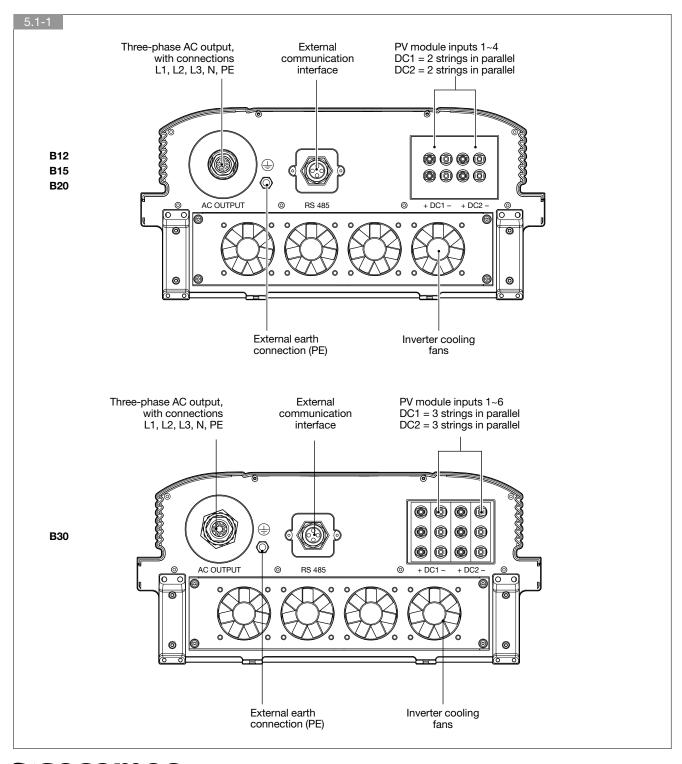


Before connecting the power supply connect the earth cable (PE).

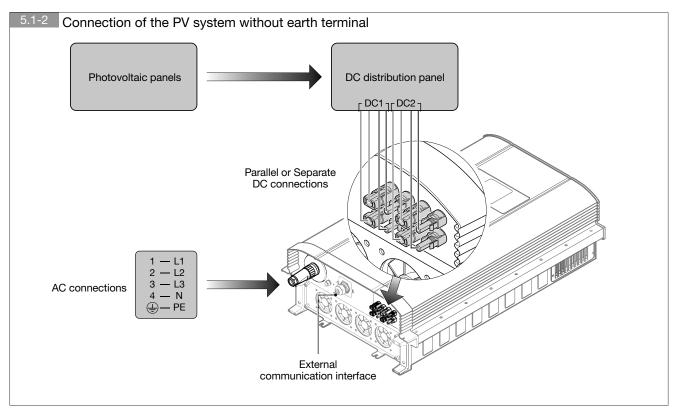
Before connecting any cables to the inverter, check that the polarity, voltage and sequence of the phases are correct.

Check that the input and output cables of the photovoltaic system are clearly identified.

5.1. DESCRIPTION

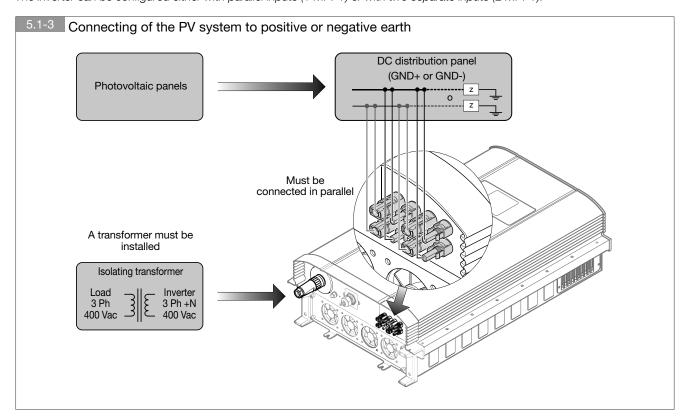






Note

The inverter can be configured either with parallel inputs (1 MPPT) or with two separate inputs (2 MPPT).



Note

With DC input connected to earth (one pole connected to earth) isolating transformer is required. All strings of the photovoltaic field must be connected in parallel (1 MPPT).

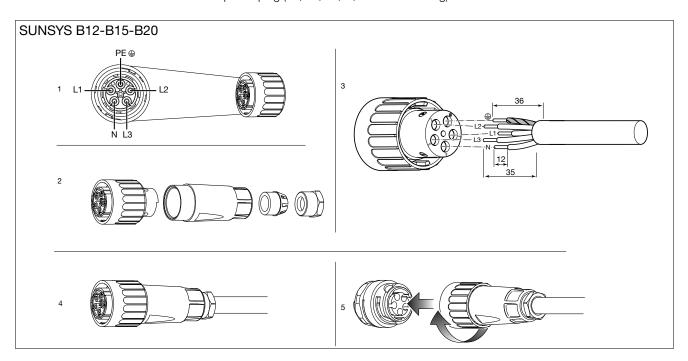


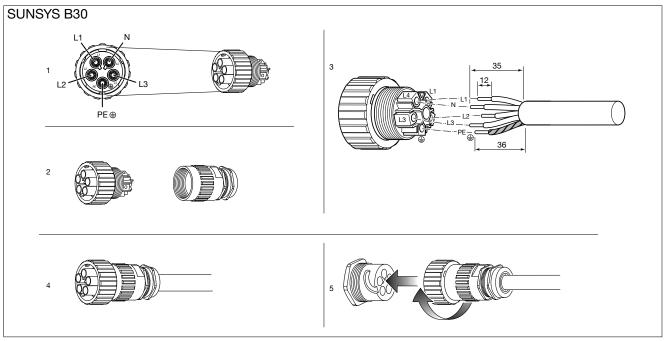
5.2. AC CONNECTION

- Before wiring the AC side ensure the three-phase AC mains supply is disconnected.
- Check that the connection cable used matches the specifications in the table.

Sizing of AC cables					
Model	Rated current	Cross-section	Fastening	Circuit breaker	Residual current protection
SUNSYS-B12	17.5 A	6 mm ²	≥ 0.7 Nm	MCCB rated 25 A 3P+N curve C	0.3 A type A or AC
SUNSYS-B15	22 A	6 mm ²	≥ 0.7 Nm	MCCB rated 32 A 3P+N curve C	0.3 A type A or AC
SUNSYS-B20	29 A	6 mm ²	≥ 0.7 Nm	MCCB rated 40 A 3P+N curve C	0.3 A type A or AC
SUNSYS-B30	43 A	16 mm ²	≥ 0.9 Nm	MCCB rated 63 A 3P+N curve C	0.3 A type A or AC

The AC connection is made with a three-phase plug (L1, L2, L3, N, PE - see drawing).





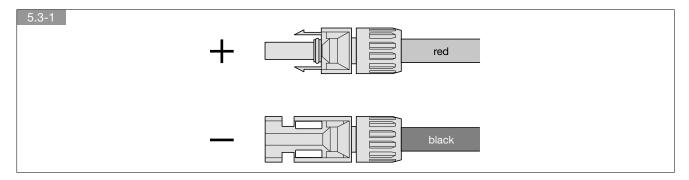


5.3. DC CONNECTION

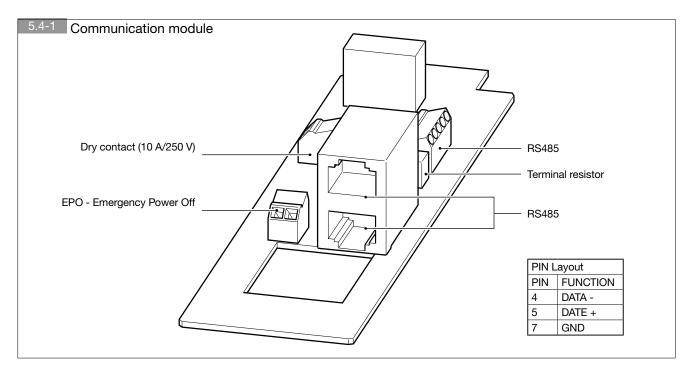
- Before wiring the DC side ensure the DC power supply is disconnected.
- Check that the connection cable used matches the specifications in the table.

Sizing of DC cables			
Model	Rated current	Cross-section	
SUNSYS-B12	2 x 20 ADC	6 mm ²	
SUNSYS-B15	2 x 23 ADC	6 mm ²	
SUNSYS-B20	2 x 30 ADC	6 mm ²	
SUNSYS-B30	2 x 34 ADC	6 mm ²	

DC connections are divided into positive and negative poles.



5.4. COMMUNICATION MODULE CONNECTIONS



5.4.1. EPO

Connector CNS3 performs an emergency power-off function (EPO).

When the external breaker is short-circuited the inverter shuts down immediately.



5.4.2. Dry contact

The voltage-free contact is available on connector CNS2 (Dry Contact). With the inverter connected to the grid, the contact is closed.

5.4.3. RS-485 serial port

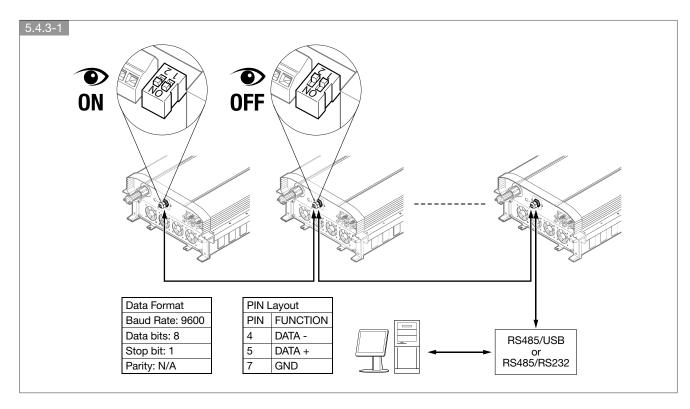
The communication terminal block allows connection to one or more inverter units.

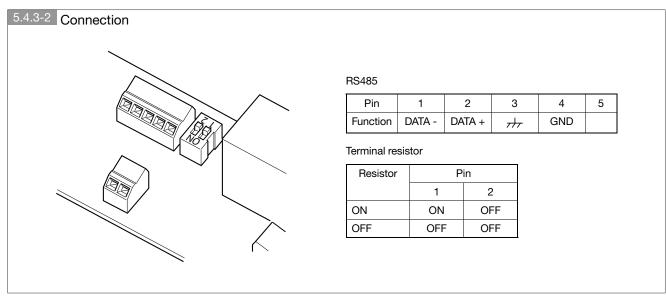
- set the dip-switch SWS1 of the first and last machine in the series to the ON position;
- this same dip switch must be set to the OFF position on all other machines.



WARNING!

If the terminal resistor is installed in the converter do not set the inverter one.







6. COMMISSIONING

6.1. PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULE SETUP

- The maximum no-load DC voltage of the photovoltaic field must be no higher than 1000 V.
- The voltage range of the MPPTs must be between 350 V and 850 V according to the models.

	B12	B15	B20	B30
The maximum connection power going to the inverter must be no greater than	14 kWp	18 kWp	24 kWp	36 kWp
The breaker device must have a maximum rated voltage of > 1000 Vdc and maximum short-circuit current	>22 A	>24 A	>32 A	>36 A

6.2. AC GRID VOLTAGE REQUIREMENTS



Nominal voltage and current. See Chapter 5.

• An AC(1) automatic circuit breaker must be installed and allocated to each of the solar inverters, independently of the system (see heading 5.2).

Grid voltage values			
L1-L2	400 Vac	L1-N	230 Vac
L1-L3	400 Vac	L2-N	230 Vac
L2-L3	400 Vac	L3-N	230 Vac

The inverter is fitted with a unit which monitors and detects fault currents; this is sensitive to all types of ground fault current. We recommend the application of an external type A or AC 30 mA differential protection device with low sensitivity (S). (1) Or similar protection on the basis of current regulations



6.3. FIRST START-UP



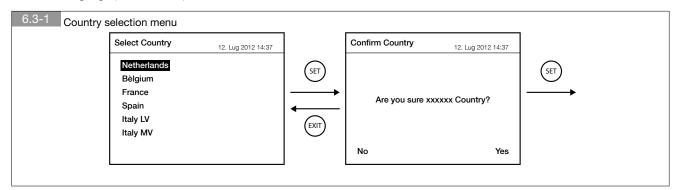
Check that the AC, DC and communication connections are made and secured correctly.

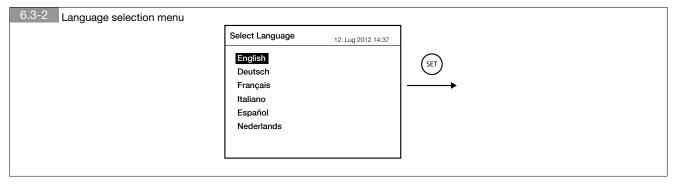
- 1. Power up the inverter
- 2. Set the country (confirm twice).

Note: low voltage (LV) and medium voltage (MV) systems are mutually distinct.

In France only	
FRANCE LV	UPS settings comply with VDE0126-1-1 requirements
FR LV VFR013	UPS settings comply with VDE0126-1-1/A1 VFR2013 requirements
FR LV VFR014	UPS settings comply with VDE0126-1-1/A1 VFR2014 requirements

3. Set the language (confirm once)







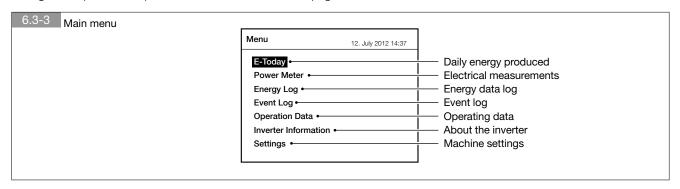
WARNING

If the country setting is wrong SOCOMEC must be contacted for assistance.

If the level of sunlight is sufficient the inverter will come into operation.

After the first kWh produced the installation date is updated automatically.

During subsequent start-ups the device will show the main page of the menu.





Description of menus and settings. See Chapter 8.

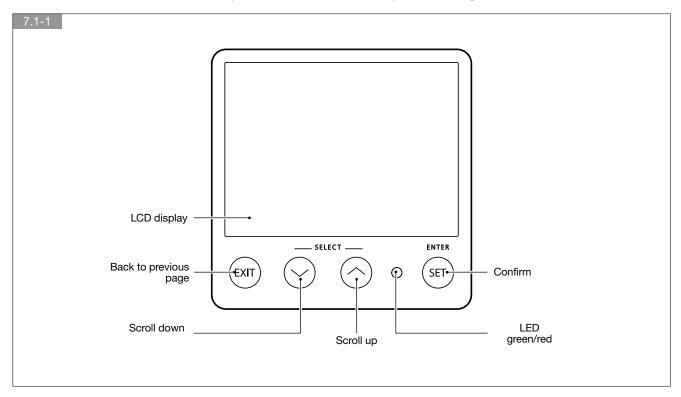


7. CONTROL PANEL



WARNING! RISK OF ACCIDENT OR SERIOUS INJURY!

Do not touch the terminal of the photovoltaic module when exposed to sunlight



LED indicator			
Condition	Green LED	Red LED	
Countdown	FLASHING	OFF	
On grid	LIT	OFF	
Error or fault	OFF	LIT	
Standby or night-time (no DC supply)	OFF	OFF	
One DC input only (during countdown) ⁽¹⁾	OFF	FLASHING	
One DC input only (inverter delivering)	LIT	FLASHING	
Fan fault ⁽²⁾	LIT	FLASHING	
FW update	FLASHING	FLASHING	

⁽¹⁾ Solar Low alert (inverter not connected to grid)



⁽²⁾ HW Fan alert

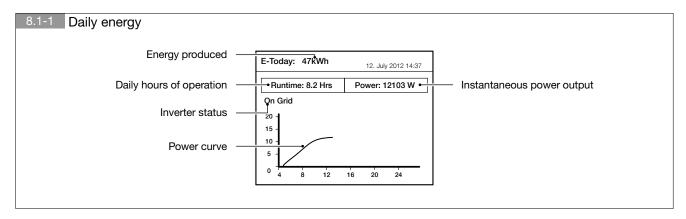
8. MENU

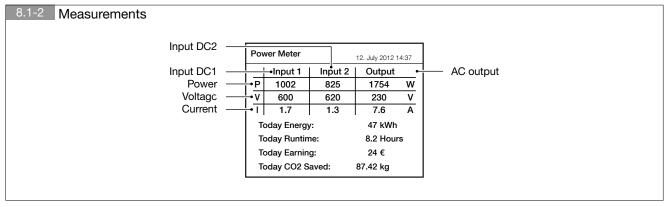


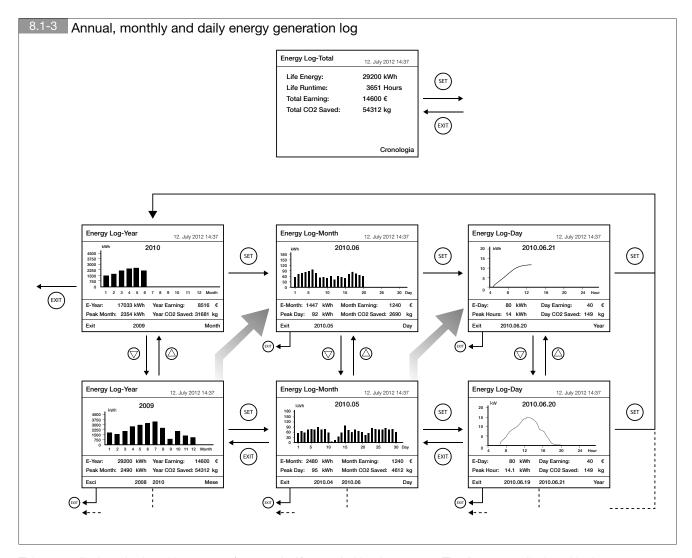
WARNING!

The menus and settings described are visible only after the appliance has been started up for the first time. See Chapter 6.

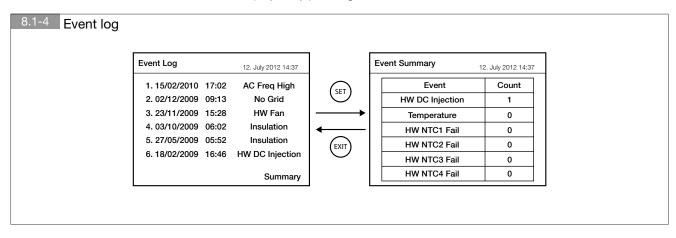
8.1. DESCRIPTION

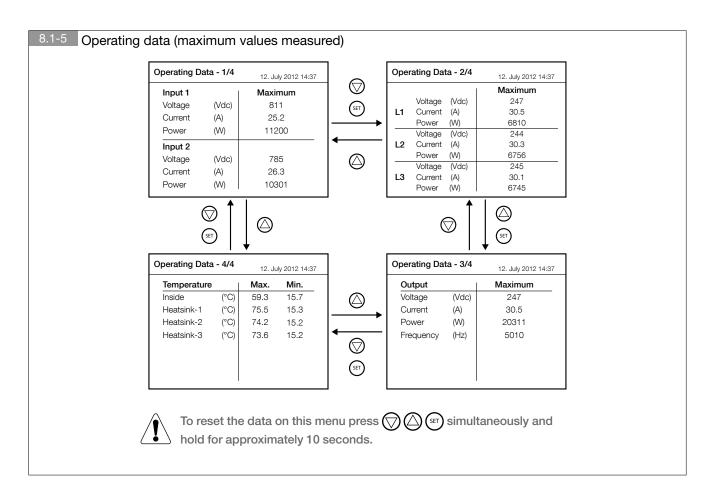






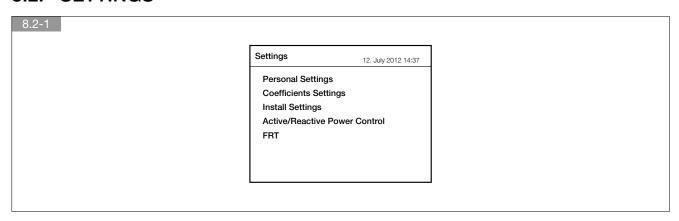
This page displays the last thirty events (error or fault) recorded by the system. The first event displayed is the most recent. The statistics of the selected event can be displayed by pressing SET.

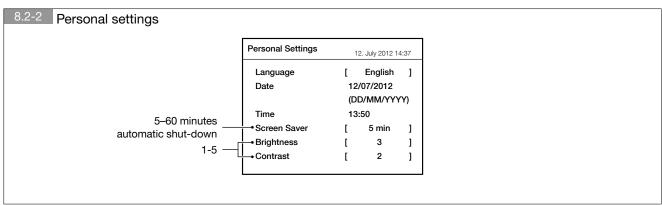


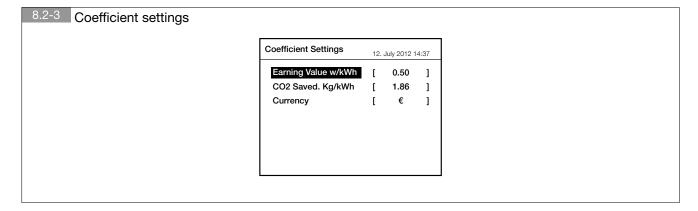


8.1-6 Inverter information Inverter Information 12. July 2012 14:37 Serial Number WE08450003 **DSP-Version** 1.80 Red.-Version 1.17 91.23 Comm.-Version Installation Date 19.Apr.2012 Inverter ID 001 Country Italy LV

8.2. SETTINGS







8.2.1. Installation settings



WARNING! DAMAGE CAN BE CAUSED TO THE MACHINE AND SYSTEM!

The following settings are enabled and managed by the grid operator, installer or specialist technician. Wrong settings are liable to damage the photovoltaic system.

To access the Installation Settings menu enter the password 5555 (the password cannot be changed).

• Inverter ID

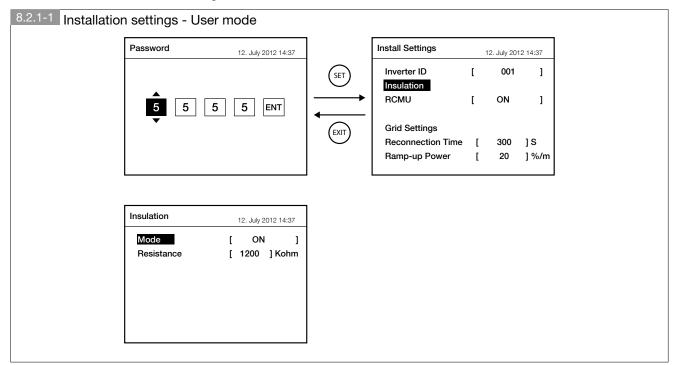
Address of each inverter.

Insulation

This function measures the impedance between grid and earth. In the event of a fault, prevents connection to the grid. The following insulation measurement methods can be adopted depending on the type of photovoltaic system: positive to earth, negative to earth, DC1 only, DC2 only, not active.

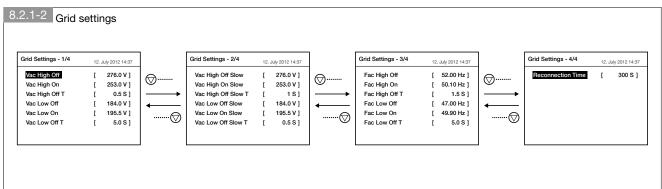
• RCMU

This function monitors current leakage to earth. If the set limit is exceeded the inverter shuts down.



Grid setting

The operating voltage and frequency thresholds of the inverter are displayed.



Reconnection time

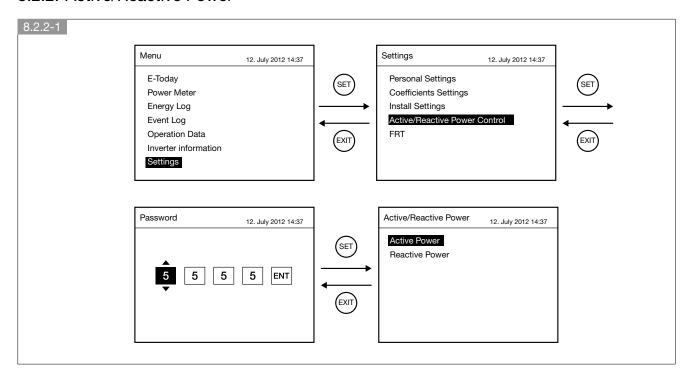
This function varies the waiting time for the inverter to restart (factory setting 300 s).

• Ramp up Power

Percentage of rated power put onto the grid during start-up (factory setting 20%).



8.2.2. Active/Reactive Power

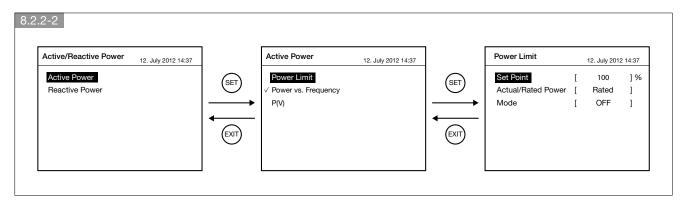


Active Power Control

If activated, the Power Limit function will reduce the power output.

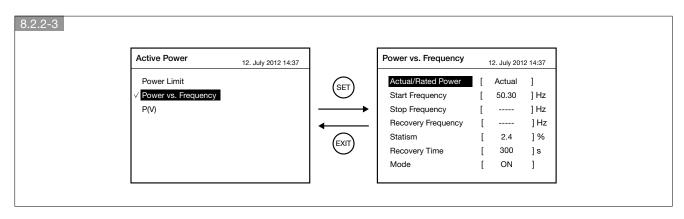
This depends on:

- the configured Set Point percentage;
- sunlight conditions.



• Frequency-determined Active Power Control

This function limits the active power output level automatically (in the event of frequency transients higher than the set value).

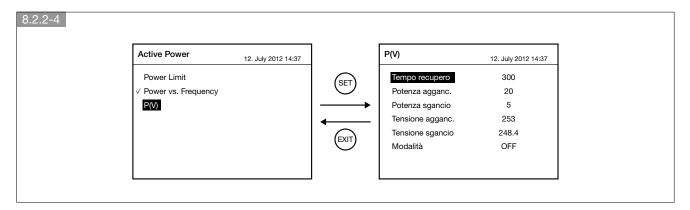




• Power control as a function of (V)

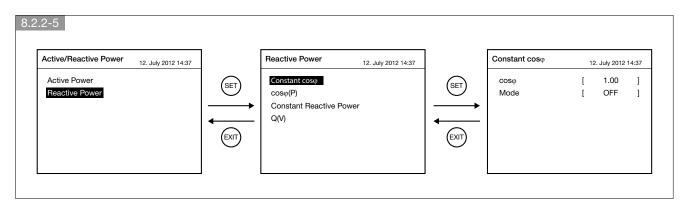
This function automatically checks the voltage at the output terminals of the inverter.

This makes it possible to reduce the power delivered to the grid, avoiding the disconnection of the inverter due to overvoltage.



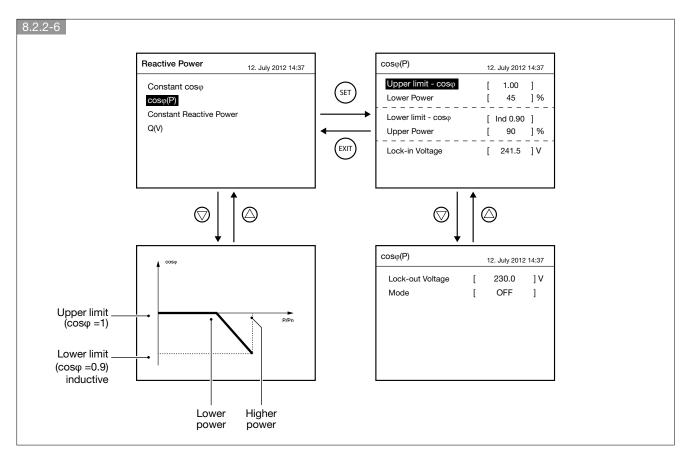
• Operation at constant cosφ

This function selects a fixed $\cos \varphi$ setting between 0.8 inductive and 0.8 capacitive.



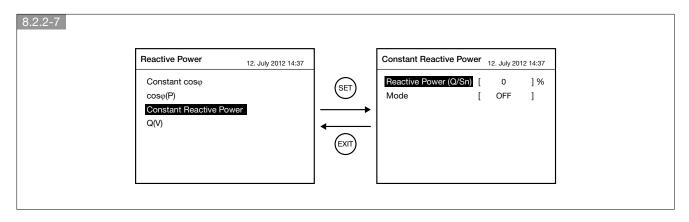
• Power-regulated Cosφ monitoring

If activated, this function generates a $\cos \phi$ variable as a function of power (instantaneous power factor regulated automatically by the inverter).



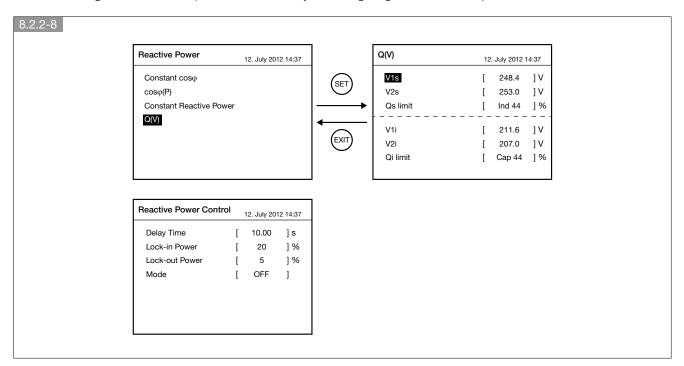
• Operation at constant reactive power

This function selects either a leading or lagging reactive power percentage up to 48.43% of the rated power.



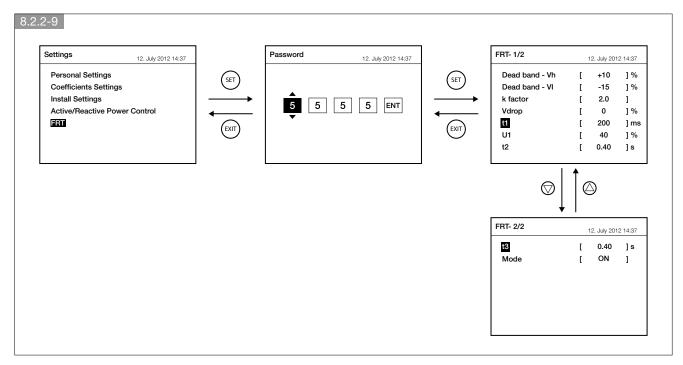
• Operation at voltage-regulated reactive power (Q)

This function generates reactive power determined by the voltage registered at the output terminals.



• FRT (Low Voltage Fault Ride Through)

This function ensures that the inverter will not shut down during dips in grid voltage.



9. MEASUREMENTS AND MESSAGES

9.1. MEASUREMENTS

Description of measurement messages			
Measurement	Description		
Energy today	Total energy generated during the day		
Op time	Total PV inverter operating time during the day		
Power	Actual power generated		
Input 1 P	Power at DC input 1		
Input 1 V	Voltage at DC input 1		
Input 1 I	Current at DC input 1		
Input 2 P	Power at DC input 2		
Input 2 V	Voltage at DC input 2		
Input 2 I	Current at DC input 2		
P output	Power at AC output		
V output	Voltage at AC output (star voltage)		
loutput	Current at AC output (average current of 3 phases)		
Energy today	Total energy generated today		
Op time today	Total operating time today		
Earnings today	Total amount earned today		
CO2 saved today	Total reduction in CO2 emissions today		
Tot Energy Prod.	Total energy generated since the system went into operation		
Total op time	Total operating time since the system went into operation		
Total earnings	Total earnings since the system went into operation		
Total CO2 saved	Total reduction in CO2 emissions since the system went into operation		
Energy/year	Total energy produced in one year		
Earnings/year	Total earnings in one year		
Monthly peak	Peak production per month		
CO2/year	Total reduction in CO2 emissions over one year		
Energy/month	Total energy produced in one month		
Earnings/month	Total earnings in one month		
Daily peak	Peak production per day		
CO2/month	Total reduction in CO2 emissions over one month		
Energy/day	Total energy produced in one day		
Earnings today	Total earnings in one day		
Peak today	Peak production per hour		
CO2 saved today	Total reduction in CO2 emissions on one day		
Max voltage input 1	Maximum voltage registering at input 1		
Max current input 1	Maximum current registering at input 1		
Max power input 1	Maximum power registering at input 1		
Max voltage input 2	Maximum voltage registering at input 2		
Max current input 2	Maximum current registering at input 2		
Max power input 2	Maximum power registering at input 2		
Max voltage L1	Maximum output voltage on L1		
Max current L1	Maximum output current on L1		
Max power L1	Maximum output power on L1		
Max voltage L2	Maximum output voltage on L2		
Max current L2	Maximum output current on L2		



Measurement	Description
Max power L2	Maximum output power on L2
Max voltage L3	Maximum output voltage on L3
Max current L3	Maximum output current on L3
Max power L3	Maximum output power on L3
Max output voltage	Maximum output voltage
Max output current	Maximum output current
Max output power	Maximum output power
Temperature	
Max internal	Maximum internal temperature of the inverter
Min internal	Minimum internal temperature of the inverter
Max heatsink 1	Maximum temperature at heatsink 1
Min heatsink 1	Minimum temperature at heatsink 1
Max heatsink 2	Maximum temperature at heatsink 2
Min heatsink 2	Minimum temperature at heatsink 2
Max heatsink 3	Maximum temperature at heatsink 3
Min heatsink 3	Minimum temperature at heatsink 3

9.2. ERROR MESSAGES

Description of error messages				
Message	Description	Solutions		
AC Freq High	Grid frequency higher than nominal Country configuration incorrect Measuring circuit failure	Check the grid frequency value Check the country setting Contact the technician		
AC Freq Low	Grid frequency lower than nominal Country configuration incorrect Measuring circuit failure	Check the grid frequency value Check the country setting Contact the product technician		
Grid Quality	Excessive distortion caused by loads connected to grid or near inverter Measuring circuit failure	Check for the existence of non-linear loads connected to the grid Contact the technician		
HW Connected Fail	AC plug wrongly connected Measuring circuit failure	Check the wiring as described in the manual Contact the technician		
No Grid	1) No AC power 2) AC switch contacts open 3) Plug not connected 4) Internal fuses blown	1) Check the grid voltage value 2) Close the AC breaker contacts 3) Check the connection and wiring 4) Contact the product technician		
AC Volt Low	1) AC voltage lower than nominal 2) Country configuration or grid setting incorrect 3) AC plug wrongly connected 4) Internal fuses blown	1) Check the grid voltage value 2) Check the country/voltage limits setting 3) Check wiring in the manual 4) Contact the technician		
AC Volt High	1) AC voltage higher than nominal 2) Country configuration or grid setting incorrect 3) AC plug wrongly connected 4) Internal fuses blown	1) Check the grid voltage value 2) Check the country/voltage limits setting 3) Check wiring in the manual 4) Contact the technician		
Solar1 High	Input voltage 1 higher than 1000 V Measuring circuit failure	Reduce the no. of panels to obtain an open circuit voltage VOC < 1000 V Contact the technician		
Solar2 High	Input voltage 2 higher than 1000 V Measuring circuit failure	Reduce the no. of panels to obtain an open circuit voltage VOC < 1000 V Contact the technician		



9.3. WARNING MESSAGES

Description of error messages				
Message	Description	Solutions		
Solar1 Low	1) Input voltage 1 below limits	1) Check the DC voltage value		
Solari Low	2) Measuring circuit failure	2) Contact the product technician		
Solar2 Low	1) Input voltage 2 below limits	1) Check the DC voltage value		
	2) Measuring circuit failure	2) Contact the technician		
	1) One or more fans jammed	1) Remove the object obstructing the fan		
HW FAN	2) One or more fans faulty	2) Remove the faulty fan		
	3) One or more fans disconnected	3) Check the fan connections		
	4) Measuring circuit failure	4) Contact the chnician		

9.4. FAULT MESSAGES

Description of error messages				
Message	Description	Solutions		
HW DC Injection	Abnormal grid voltage Measuring circuit failure	Check for the existence of non-linear loads connected to the grid		
-	, ,	2) Contact the technician		
Temperature	1) Ambient temperature > 60 °C or < -30 °C	Check the installation environment and ventilation		
Tomporaturo	2) Measuring circuit failure	2) Contact the technician		
HW NTC1	1) Ambient temperature > 90 °C or < -30 °C	1) Check the installation environment		
Fail	2) Measuring circuit failure NTC1	2) Contact the technician		
HW NTC2	1) Ambient temperature > 90 °C or < -30 °C	1) Check the installation environment		
Fail	2) Measuring circuit failure NTC2	2) Contact the technician		
HW NTC3	1) Ambient temperature > 90 °C or < -30 °C	1) Check the installation environment		
Fail	2) Measuring circuit failure NTC3	2) Contact the technician		
HW NTC4	1) Ambient temperature > 90 °C or < -30 °C	1) Check the installation environment		
Fail	2) Measuring circuit failure NTC4	2) Contact the technician		
HW DSP	1) Insufficient input power	1) Check that DC voltage > 150 V		
ADC1	2) Measuring circuit failure	2) Contact the technician		
HW DSP	1) Insufficient input power	1) Check that DC voltage > 150 V		
ADC2	2) Measuring circuit failure	2) Contact the technician		
HW DSP	1) Insufficient input power	1) Check that DC voltage > 150 V		
ADC3	2) Measuring circuit failure	2) Contact the technician		
HW RED	1) Insufficient input power - Input 1	1) Input power too low		
ADC1	2) Measuring circuit failure	2) Contact the technician		
HW RED	1) Insufficient input power - Input 2	1) Input power too low		
ADC2	2) Measuring circuit failure	2) Contact the technician		
HW Efficiency	1) Calibration incorrect	Check the current measurements between inverter and system		
	2) Measuring circuit failure	2) Contact the technician		
HW COMM2	1) Problems with internal communication between RED and CPU	Switch off the inverter and switch on again Contact the technician		
HW COMM1	Problems with internal communication between DSP and COMM	Switch off the inverter and switch on again Contact the technician		



Message	Description	Solutions		
GROUND CURRENT	Problems with PV field insulation High stray capacitance of PV field High level of current leakage to earth	 Check PV field insulation Check that the stray capacitance of each input to earth is < 2.5 μF. Check system wiring 		
INSULATION	Problems with PV field insulation High stray capacitance of PV field	 Check PV field insulation Check that the stray capacitance of each input to earth is < 2.5 µF. 		
HW Connect Fail	No internal power supply to the machine Internal control circuits not working	1) Contact the technician		
RCMU Fail	1) Internal control circuits not working	1) Contact the technician		
Relay Test Short	Output relays with contacts closed Internal control circuits not working	1) Contact the technician2) Contact the technician		
Relay Test Open	Output relays faulty Internal control circuits not working Grid voltage measurements abnormal	Contact the technician Contact the technician Compare machine and grid measurement values		
Bus Unbalance	Problems with wiring of strings String short-circuiting to earth Internal control circuits not working	1) Check the parallel string setup connected to the inverter 2) Check the system 3) Contact the technician		
HW Bus OVR	Problems with wiring of strings String short-circuiting to earth Internal control circuits not working	Check the parallel string setup connected to the inverter Check the system Contact the technician		
AC Current High	AC grid overvoltage Internal control circuits not working	Switch off/switch on again Contact the technician		
HW CT A Fail	1) Internal control circuits not working	1) Contact the technician		
HW CT B Fail	Internal control circuits not working	1) Contact the technician		
HW CT C Fail	1) Internal control circuits not working	1) Contact the technician		
HW AC OCR	High levels of power system harmonics Internal control circuits not working	Check for the existence of non-linear loads connected to the grid Contact the technician		
HW ZC Fail	1) Internal control circuits not working	1) Contact the technician		
DC Current High	1) Internal control circuits not working	1) Contact the technician		



10. MAINTENANCE



WARNING!

carry out the following steps beforehand:

- Open the AC switch.
- Open the DC switch.
- Make sure the system cannot be restarted.

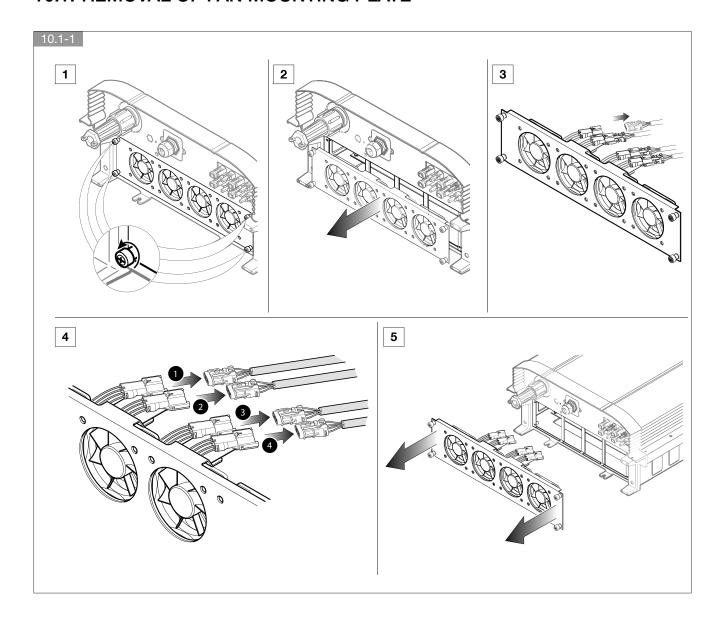


- Make sure the electricity supply has been disconnected.

The solar inverter should be inspected at six-monthly intervals to ensure continued trouble-free operation.

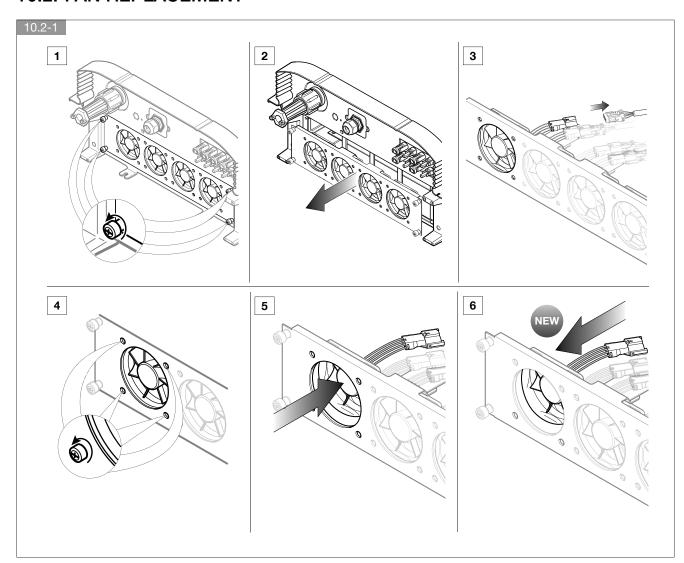
To ensure the appliance is properly ventilated check the fans are operating correctly and the protective air vent grilles are clean.

10.1. REMOVAL OF FAN MOUNTING PLATE

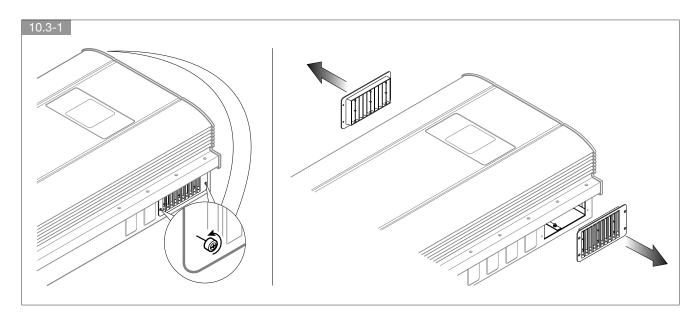




10.2. FAN REPLACEMENT



10.3. REMOVAL OF AIR OUTLET VENT GRILLES



11. REMOVAL OF INVERTER



WARNING!

carry out the following steps beforehand:

- Open the AC switch.
- Open the DC switch.
- Make sure the system cannot be restarted.



- Make sure the electricity supply has been disconnected.

If it is necessary to remove the inverter proceed as follows:

- 1. Open the AC breaker contacts to disconnect the electricity.
- 2. Isolate the power feed from the photovoltaic field
- 3. Use a suitable meter to verify the absence of AC and DC voltages.
- 4. Remove the AC connections
- 5. Remove the DC connections to isolate the PV field.
- 6. Remove the RS485 communication module with the computer connection.

Once these steps have been completed remove the inverter.



12. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model	SUNSYS B12	SUNSYS B15	SUNSYS B20	SUNSYS B30	
Enclosure	Powder coated aluminum				
Operating temperature	-20 to 60 °C - At maximum power: up to 40 °C				
Relative humidity	5 to 90% non-condensing				
Protection level	IP	65 (electronic compor	nents) - IP54 (other par	ts)	
Galvanic insulation		N	IO		
Safety class	Clas	s I metal casing with p	protective earth connec	ction	
Overvoltage category		I	II		
Weight	41 kg 67.2 kg 67.2 kg 72.2 kg				
Dimensions	625 × 612 × 277 mm		960 × 612 × 278 mm		
Connectors	,	Weather resist	ant connectors		
DC input (solar side)					
Maximum input power	14 kWp	18 kWp	24 kWp	36 kWp	
Rated voltage		630	VDC		
Operating voltage		200 to 10	000 VDC		
Start-up voltage		> 25	50 V		
Start-up power		> 4	0 W		
Absolute maximum voltage		1000	VDC		
MPP voltage range at rated power	420 to 850 Vdc	350 to 800 Vdc	350 to 800 Vdc	480 to 800 Vdc	
Number of inputs	4 (2 MPPT) 6 (2 MPPT)				
MPPT	Pa	rallel inputs: 1 MPPT	Separate inputs: 2 MP	PT	
Separate inputs: 2 MPPT	< 20 A	< 23 A	< 30 A	<34	
Rated current	2 x 20 A max 30 A	2 x 23 A	2 x 30 A	2 x 34 A	
Isc PV	2 x 22 A	2 x 25 A	2 x 33 A	2 x 37 A	
Max. inverter backfeed current to the array	0	0	0	0	
AC output (grid side)					
Rated power at 400 V ±10%	12 kVA	15 kVA	20 kVA	30 kVA	
Rated power at Cosφ=0.9	10.8 kW	13.5 kW	18 kW	27 kW	
Maximum power	12.6 kVA	15.75 kVA	21 kVA	30 kVA	
Voltage		400 =	±20%		
Maximum output fault current (4ms)	298 A	298 A	298 A	298 A	
Output Current (inrush) (a.c. A, peak)	28.2 A	28.2 A	28.2 A	28.2 A	
Rated current	17.5 A	22 A	29 A	43 A	
Max current	19.2 A	25 A	32 A	46 A	
Maximum output overcurrent protection	19.2 A	25 A	32 A	46 A	
Frequency	47 to 52 Hz				
Total Harmonic Distortion	< 3% at rated power				
Power factor	> 0.99 at rated power, $Cos\phi = 0.8$ inductive and capacitive				
DC current injection	Disconnect: 0.5% In in 1 s, 1 A in 200 ms				
Night time power	< 2 W				
Maximum efficiency	> 98.3% > 98.2%				
European efficiency	> 97.7% > 97.5%				
AC connector	3 Phases + Neutral + PE				
Recommended protection		Thermal-magnetic	with I = 1.25 x Inom		



Model		SUNSYS B12	SUNSYS B15	SUNSYS B20	SUNSYS B30	
System inform	nation / communication					
User interface		LCD graphic display, 5" (320 x 240 pixels)				
		Data logger with 10 year capacity and real time clock				
		30 events				
External communication			2 x RS-485	connection		
Standards and	d Directives					
CE compliance Yes						
Emissions		IEC 61000-6-2, IEC 61000-6-3				
Harmonics		EN 61000-3-12				
Fluctuations ar	nd flicker	EN 61000-3-11				
Ovid intenfere		VDE-AN-N-4105; VDE 0126-1-1/A1; CEI 021; CEI 016				
Grid interface		- IEC 61727				
	ESD	IEC 61000-4-2				
	RS	IEC 61000-4-3				
	EFT	IEC 61000-4-4				
Immunity	SURGE	IEC 61000-4-5				
	CS	IEC 61000-4-6				
	PFMF	IEC 61000-4-8				
	VOLTAGE DIP	IEC 61000-4-11				
Electrical safet	Y	IEC 62109-1; IEC 62109-2; IEC 60950-1; EN 60950-1		50-1		



HEAD OFFICE

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